

ATLANTIS

This is ATLANTIS, a journal of postal Diplomacy, edited and published by Chris Schleicher, 1535 Dartmouth Lane, Deerfield, Illinois 60015. ATLANTIS contains the variant games 1966AIac, 1967Wat, 1967Mab; plus the regular games 1970C and 1970AJ.

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"Winter 1902"

1970C

R-1

ENGLAND: No Change. (4) /F Ank-R-Con/

GERMANY: No Change. (5)

FRANCE: Builds A Mar. (6)

ITALY: Builds A Ven. (6)

TURKEY: No Change. (3)

RUSSIA: Builds A Sev. (7) /A Rum-R-Gal/

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY: /GM removes F Gre/ (3)

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"Spring 1903" moves are due 23 June 1970. Press releases begin on page 2.

GAME OPENINGS

V-1: Princeps. Tom Webster, Lawrence St. Cyr Jr., 5 openings left.

V-2: Imperialism VIIIIR. Lawrence St. Cyr Jr., 7 openings left. P.M. Gaylord.

V-3: Imperialism XV. Lawrence St. Cyr Jr., P.M. Gaylord, William Linden, 8 openings left.

V-4: Diplomacy. Anonymous game, all correspondence through the GM. One entered, 6 openings left.

ADDRESS CHANGE

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Charles Welsh is now at 6917 Cherry Lane, Annandale, Virginia 22003.

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PRESS RELEASES
(1970C/R-1)

Sevastopol; 1 September 1902: (Russian Imperial News Service)

Russian Army High Command HQ announced today that additional levies were being called up in the Black Sea Defense Region for the defense of the homeland during the current war. HCHQ said Marshal Vladimir Andrepopoff would serve as C-in-C of the new 4th Imperial Army. Little opposition is expected for the new calls as Russian victories in the Black Sea campaign have been spectacular & morale is high.

Stockholm; 2 September 1902:

Russia's ambassador in Sweden, Count Feodor Byrinski, is reported to have signed a treaty of Friendship & Alliance with a high envoy from England. Specific terms are unknown but sources said that the Russians were very pleased with the pact and felt it would preserve peace in the Scandinavian area. Following the treaty signing King Oscar entertained both delegates in the royal palace.

Paris; 4 September 1902:

Russian Foreign Minister Prince Sykocski arrived here today to meet with members of the French government. Officially described as a "goodwill visit", observers noted Sykocski was accompanied by members of the Imperial General Staff and the head of the French Bureau of the Foreign Ministry.

Moscow; 10 September 1902:

The Kremlin was the scene of an elaborate reception tonight for departing ambassador Grand Duke Petr Dimitri Protopopoff, whom the Tsar has vowed to be Russia's ambassador to Italy. Petr's high rank, the elaborateness of the send-off, attended even by the Tsar and his closeness to the Tsar indicate Russia's desires for close ties with Italy. The Tsar told members of the Court that only close cooperation between Russia and Italy could bring any early end to the Black Seas War.

Rome; 20 September 1902:

Russia's ambassador to Italy arrived here today in the Eternal City and immediately presented his credentials to the Cabinet and King at the Royal Palace. This evening the ambassador will be guest of honor at a command performance of "Boris Godunov" at the Royal Opera.

St. Petergrad; 20 September 1902:

Foreign Minister Prince Sykocski today delivered a special address to the Duma. He said: "In light of the current difficulties in Europe, His Highness the Tsar has, in consultation with the Government, made certain changes in our basic foreign policies. The newest priorities are:

- 1) The defense of the Motherland and all Slavic peoples.
- 2) An early and just ending to the war.
- 3) Preservation of Russia's historic friendships with England, France, Germany, and all other peace-loving countries.
- 4) The defense of Russia's sea approaches.

"We were shocked by the betrayal of our Rumanian brothers by the Austrian invasion, especially after our forces had intervened in the Balkan War on behalf of Austria. The Austrian aggression against a helpless ally of ours has compelled the Government, with regret, to abrogate the Russo-Austrian alliance. The warm welcome our troops received in Galicia & Vienna indicates a popular dissatisfaction with the current regime. Therefore, the Tsar has ordered Russian forces in Austria to

support a new government loyal to Emperor Franz-Josef. The Russian Government considers any forces operating against Russian troops to be disloyal to the Emperor and in a state of rebellion. They will be handled accordingly. The Russian Government has no territorial ambitions in Austria, and desires only to see the Emperor reinstated in his rightful place, and respect for Slavic peoples in Austria restored.

"In light of this the Government has unilaterally withdrawn its declaration of war against Italy. The Government has ordered the maximum possible cooperation between Russian and Italian forces in Italy.

"As for Turkey, Russia pledges that if no hostile acts against Russian forces or territories occur during the first half of 1903 all Russian forces in Turkey will withdraw during the second half of 1903.

"There is one enemy in Europe now -- an enemy of every God-established monarchy -- the republican-fascist regime in Austria which must be destroyed."

Vienna; 31 October 1902:

Russian occupation troops were warmly greeted here today after a parade in which the loyalist Austrian forces and their Russian allies participated. Emperor Franz-Josef announced that He had signed an alliance with Russia designed to end the Kimmel regime's rebellion.

Bucharest; 31 October 1902:

Riots, looting, and murder were reported throughout Rumania following the invasion by Kimmel rebels from Austria. The small Russian advisory team has been forced out of the country temporarily and is regrouping in Galicia. New forces for the liberation of Rumania are expected.

Sevastopol; 31 October 1902:

Thousands of Russians paraded in the streets today demanding Russian troops liberate Rumania from Kimmel's rebels immediately. The marchers disbanded when provincial authorities told them every effort was being made to meet their wishes.

Ankara; 1 November 1902:

Russian marines arriving here on a "goodwill" visit today from Russian naval vessels in the Black Sea were reportedly met with protests by Turks who failed to understand their purpose in visiting.

Vladivostok; 4 November 1902:

Russian Pacific Fleet is reported rushing preparations for putting to sea. The Fleet has been ordered to the Indian Ocean following the invasion of Russia's ally, the Maldive Islands, by pirates.

Maldive Islands; 5 November 1902:

Pirates, who landed here last week, today proclaimed the islands a republic. Elected Sultan Mohammed Didi Nasitir XI has fled to Bangor.

Celumko, Ceylon; 6 November 1902:

First eyewitness reports have reached here about the pirate raids on the Maldive Islands.

Two days ago several unidentified sailing ships entered Male harbor (Maldive Islands) and docked opposite the Playboy Bunny Retirement Farm. Swarms of sailors from the ships rushed ashore and invaded the farm.

The entire female population was rushed aboard the waiting ships and immediately put to sea.

Jerusalem; 25 December 1902:

The Holy City was rocked by a series of explosions last night that destroyed the Church of St. John of Damascus, the Monastery of St. Basil the Factorilite and other centers of Orthodoxy. The Russian Minister in the city has delivered a protest to Ottoman authorities.

St. Peerigrad; 31 December 1902:

In his annual New Year's Eve message to the Empire Tsar Nicholas this evening disclosed that the 2 years of fighting that had rocked Europe have been beneficial to Russia.

"Our Empire stands united under God and the Tsar.

"We have dealt justly with our friends, honored our alliances, and kept our words.

"We have dealt firmly but justly with our enemies.

"Our lands are secure, our armies and fleets victorious. We have bravely faced overwhelming enemies and hurled them back.

"All Russia is one!

"Long live Russia!"

"Spring 1914"

1966AIac

Imperialism VIII

The English A Tex, German A Vie, and American F NATO were not retreated, so they are annihilated instead. "Fall 1914" moves for this game are due 23 June 1970.
