

Hoessler Archives is a Diplomacy service published by Walter Bushman, R. R. #1, Lewisville, Indiana 46032, telephone (317) 831-7404; Archives Director, Postal Diplomacy Congress, and V P (Treas.), International Diplomacy Association. It is devoted to critical studies on game play, rating systems, analysis of international games played by experts, such as the Old and New Lines Game (1901) now in progress, and game news. Information from my Diplomacy archives is cited for all this and is available to the public as well. Although the archives is virtually complete in at least seven forms, including unaltered originals are solicited, either for purchase or a loan to permit viewing. Many original spaces are now available from the archives; more are solicited as an incentive to make them available to others. A subscription to Hoessler Archives is \$2/\$2.00 or \$2/\$4.00 (Inst. residents add 10% postage tax). Subscriptions outside the U.S. are \$3/\$3.00 or \$3/\$6.00. Back issues are 50¢ apiece. This is Alliance Press publication #125. Paid/total circulation this issue: 196/237

HOESSLER ARCHIVES DEMONSTRATION GAME (1901)  
 (The Old and New Lines Game)  
 Fall 1901

YOUR TURN TEMPORARILY TAKES OVER FOR STEVEN  
 Will He Be The New Alliance?

A set summarized here  
 A brief report of Ober  
 and Franz and Franz.

The most obliging Franz  
 It's contrary to some  
 current events.

Of Germany's war  
 has all dedicated to  
 become.

Germany is the only one  
 continuously mentioned  
 in here.

ESTER  
 (Spain)

F Alt-Gee, A box N F Alliance, Alliance.

ESTER  
 (France)

A Idi-Noy, F New A Alliance, Alliance.

FRANCO  
 (Russia)

F Mini-Fox, A Mar-Spa, A Marchet.

FRANCO  
 (Prussia)

F Dan W, A Kink-Kel, A Kink-Kel.

FRANCO  
 (Austria)

A Apr-Fran, F Fran A Apr-Fran, A Fran A.

FRANCO  
 (Germany)

F Franco, A Marchet, A New Fran, A New Fran.

FRANCO  
 (Prussia)

F Apr-Fra, A Marchet, A Marchet.

Since all orders are due not later than noon, I will not have a chance to answer you, since I'll be also asked that I'll be asked to participate in the game and to make contributions to the winter edition.

There's a great possibility of success, but I'm sorry this time and I can't do anything about it. However, I'm sending you a copy of the game and I'll be glad to see you in the future. I'll be glad to see you in the future. I'll be glad to see you in the future.

I'll be glad to see you in the future. I'll be glad to see you in the future. I'll be glad to see you in the future. I'll be glad to see you in the future. I'll be glad to see you in the future.

ANALYSIS (Spring/Summer 1901): Doug Meyer (1904 SW University, Seattle, Washington, WA) has some ideas on the USIA. (How do the USIA the spring analysis arrived for here as we mentioned in last issue.)

Spring 1901: I don't really have any idea of what is going to happen in the open sea season of play. However, just for the fun of it and without knowing anything of the diplomacy that has been conducted, I will make a preliminary analysis of what the players may be trying in Spring 1901.

Probably the two keys to this game are Lakofka as Italy and Calhauer as Turkey. I doubt that Lakofka will attack Rocamora (France) as this will put her within Mirzan's sphere of influence--and knowing the two I doubt that they will try working together. At the same time, if Lakofka tries the eastern attack, he comes into Calhauer's sphere. Calhauer approached the same situation from the opposite side. Thus, what Lakofka has to do depends on the diplomatic wight of Calhauer and where Mirzan thinks his best chance lies.

In the north, Mirzan should have the influence to pick his ally from either Rocamora or Bytwark. And then there is the question of whether or not Rocamora, Bytwark, and/or Rosamilla want to go with an anti-Mirzan alliance at the start of the game.

In the south, Mirzan should be able to swing with the assistance of Lakofka and Bytwark and Rosamilla get together to go west, and will have the choice of siding with one or the other. This is, of course, unless Lakofka wants to quickly become a land power.

With all of this in mind, it is my guess (and only that) that the following alliances will form this spring. Mirzan (England) will save his fleets into northern waters away from Rocamora (France). Rocamora and Bytwark (Germany) will be guarding northern and neutral waters. Lakofka (Italy) will play things pretty safe by siding up the convoy to look for the fall. Calhauer (Turkey) will attack northward while Bytwark will go for Serbia and Greece. Rosamilla (Russia) will try to pick up Russia's traditional gains--Rumania and Sweden.

and then again...

Fall 1901:

Interaction Matrix for Spring 1901

	M	R	L	C	B	R	T		
M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+2	-2
R	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+2	
L	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+1	-1
C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+1	
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+1	-1
R	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+2	-1
T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+2	-2

Spring 1901 went pretty much as I expected--which is to say that no one tried anything fancy. The country interaction matrix for Spring 1901 shows the relationships of the seven powers prior to fall 1901.

The Fall 1901 orders should give us a much better picture of the alliance structure on the board. Mirzan (England) will convoy the army to Norway. This will use

only one fleet and will give him the option to use F North Sea to intervene in the ice countries (probably in France's favor, i.e., support French A four-hel or other off the Harpoon in Holland). The other option is to send F Norwegian Sea to the Laurents sea. This would signal an attack on Russia. In either case, we should know what Mirzan is up to by the end of this season.

Rocamora (France) has two easy builds in Iberia. That only leaves her a possibility to worry about. If England and France are allied, they will probably play things safe with a four-hel supported by the English fleet. However, if Mike thinks that he cannot count on Mirzan, he will probably send the army to Munich. Conversely, Bytwark (Germany) must handle Mirzan's movement to the east. The easiest way would be to get Lakofka to go for Russia and then try to talk Rocamora into an alliance against Mirzan. Rosamilla's fall 1901 orders, I would guess a Kio-Hel, A Ruh-hel, F Denmark, Bytwark might allow Rosamilla (Russia) to take Sweden in return for Russia building something up in Petersburg against the English. That will depend on how the diplomacy goes.

Lakofka (Italy) will be the only player who does not have to commit himself to an alliance this fall. He will convoy A Apulia to Tunis and order A Venice to hold. This is a safe move to make and if her carries it to its complete conclusion, he will try to attack Turkey via a convoy to Syria. However, in the meantime, he has one other ally

Germany (Turkey) and Romania (Russia) appear to be attacking Vagts' interests. This could be a set-up with one of them allying with Vagts in the fall against the other. However, I rather doubt it. Therefore the attack in the east will degenerate into Russia and Turkey versus Austria and Italy. To stalemate this eastern attack, I suggest that Lokafka and Vagts familiarize themselves with my article on "Austrian-Italy Superpower" in The Arena #3. If a stalemate develops in the east, it will play into the hands of the western alliance.

I hope that the action will pick up in the coming season. So far the emotions have all been too standard. All of these players are capable of some pretty big moves and therefore I think that we can look forward to some interesting developments. (Are you guys listening?)

#### GROWLING FROM THE LIONS' DENS

VIENNA (17 October 1901): "The A here was again ordered to Gal to prevent aggression by the Czarist dopes." The crown prince questioned the seriousness of the Sultan's demand of Gal to the extent of an armed conflict especially with the ITA alliance as recently rebuffed in Rome and Budapest.

Edinburg (Ide release) (7 October 1901): Alone with the shadows of a lightning storm, McBirean--Lady of the Isles--looks through the windowless wall to the struggles ahead.

"Oh, how I dread the coming of the first clash. To tune my thoughts to its cruel strategy is discipline overwhelming...but what I do dread for it is but a minor formality with which we have managed many times before this restless dawn! How could such trivial banet my soul with a sorcion of apprehension?"

"Unless, of course...it is not the failing but the success at the task that concerns us so? For to fail is a termination of an open seduction to ambition, whereas to pass would force us further into a position from which to accept anything less than a career whose main function was a constant struggle to greater position, would be tantamount to suicide and shame.

"Deep within is the gnawing feeling that we must alter the course of events, as it to justify our existence on this solitary planet. So irrational is this drive that it hinders our quest of peaceful happiness. Irrational because are we not but an average creature, ordained with no special position or tolerance that could give hope to execution of an ambitious course. Thus, the pursuit of the higher degrees would trap us in an upward spiral of quests from which we may not emerge in even the spirit of a fare from which we started.

"Yet...the feeling persists and the assaults of reason and reality are not heeded. For we are torn on the question of whether ambition suits us not. For now, we can only follow with the stormy winds that come from distant quarters without any internal motivation or definitive call. Are we doomed to claw at the unknown without satisfaction or completion?"

VARSAW (5 November 1901): The National Institute of Polish Antiquities is pleased to announce (with the indulgence of the Czar) that the poem published last spring by the Roman press and attributed to our long-lost Poet Laureate has enabled our historical researchers to fill in the gaps of a fragment of the same "Ode to Spring" long left in our care. Published here for the first time, then, is the complete text of "An ode to Spring" (with thanks to Il Espresso Roma for the first part):

"Spring has sprung!"

See da birds up in da sky?

"The grass has risen!"

(Wiping finger 'cross da eye)

"I wonder where da flowers is?"

Get, I'm glad dat dove can't fly!

ALBANY (6 November 1901): The Turkish government recognized the Lion's winter sports interests not only in Sweden, but in Norway and Switzerland, not to mention the alpine regions of France, Germany, Austria and Italy. (This release was in The Arena #3 (11 September 1901). On the eve of the outbreak of hostilities in Europe, the British government announced a standing offer to accept a representative to the Lion's winter sports from any belligerent government which feels compelled to make a similar offer for that task in the current winter of February, 1902.

said that any government contemplating resignation contact him in advance with details of current conditions, plans and expectations.

The Neue Zürcher Zeitung quotes the following odds for the coming year: Russia 3:1 against, Hungary 3:1, England 29:5, Austria 6:1, France 31:5, Germany 9:1 and Italy dead heat at 11:1 against. These odds will be updated periodically.

ROME (15 November 1941): I won't attack Austria in the face of a Russo-British alliance, Peter.

NEWS OF THE REALM

1. THE CAHMAN AWARDS. You will note that our cover this time is a letter to the Cahman Awards. I urge you to immediately fill it out and send it to John Booth, 4400 St. John, Vancouver 8, B.C., Canada, who is supervising the awards and running the mailing this year. The greater the vote is, the more meaningful the awards will be. You do not have to be a member of IDA to vote. Any player in the hobby is eligible to vote. Also, I urge you to send in your ballot air mail as the deadline is Friday, June 14th. (Although John might be liberal about this) and the regular mail usually does not get on well to get to Canada. (If worse comes to worse, John might even accept your ballot at the airport.)

2. MAIL MAILING. There is some evidence coming in that everyone didn't get their week delivery of Hooper Arrivals #19, contrary to the promise of our extended #19. (30 days seemed to be most common.) This issue won't be mailed in Indianapolis until Tuesday, May 29, due to Memorial Day, so if everyone hasn't gotten their issues by Saturday, June 9, we would like to know about it so we can register a formal complaint.

3. DIPLOM V. This year's Diplom is being held in conjunction with the International Game Show at Chicago's Marmon Hotel on June 22, 23 and 24. The player came out for the game show has been quite impressive easily topping last year's participation. To further encourage everyone to attend and meet Edi Biran, the three champions, Tom and Carol Kriebel, Fred Davis, Richard Hunt and many more, we have extended our payment deadlines through June 7, 1973.

In addition, we are happy to announce two return events from last year's program. One dinner on Sunday, June 24 and the Old and New Special. The cost of the dinner will be as through June 7; after that date it will go up to full price. The old and new special will include a tour of Chicago for the ladies and luncheon at a famous Chicago restaurant and three days of racing for the gents. Two dinner tickets are included, of course. This package deal will be available through June 7 for the unbelievable cost of only \$14. Player rates remain: Friday--\$1, Saturday--\$4, Sunday--\$4. Game rates will be up \$1 per day on June 8.

Reserve your place now. Few if any spaces for the Diplomacy tournament will be available at the show. All checks payable to the International Game Show at 111 Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois 60606.

4. INTERNATIONAL DIPLOMACY ASSOCIATION. With the DIPLOM only 4 weeks away, why don't you join IDA now so you can attend the general meeting there? Many vital decisions affecting both IDA's and the hobby's future will be made then. Dues are only 10.00 per year, payable to us (make cheques payable to IDA). So join now and get a good deal to help pay dues and all other benefits of membership.

5. DIPLOMIST. Greg Gordon (4345 Baltimore Ave., Philadelphia, Pa. 19104) is bringing Diplom to Diplomacy early. He has the hobby's only nine with free rule and game book overviews as well. Write him right away as I doubt if he will open any more copies. You don't need to worry about the game falling on Greg has been exhibiting for almost 3 years.

6. PHILIP H. It is with great regret that I note the passing of this topflight player. In his 27 year existence, it was always interesting and on fire. He was now starting his career as a trial lawyer and this will be very beneficial to the hobby. He was the all-around expert in Diplomacy, however, I think it is safe to say that he was one of the best players in the hobby. He was a very good player and his passing will be felt. I hope that with the precedent set by his passing, the hobby will be able to attract a new crop of players to help fill the void left by his passing.

We are pleased to bring you another double issue this time, one written by one of the hobby's foremost tactical experts, Eric Verhelmen. The second article gives a mathematical foundation for the intuitive feel many players have for country strength.

TACTICS OF OFFENSE AND DEFENSE II  
by Eric Verhelmen

As in the previous article in Hobbyer Archives #102, this article will illustrate good tactical play in an idealized setting. In particular, all countries except for Russia, Austria-Hungary and Turkey are centralized as are all neutral supply centers except for the Balkans. Russia and Austria-Hungary move with the single objective of destroying Turkey as quickly as possible, with the understanding that regardless of their choice of moves, the Turkish counter will be the best possible, i.e., Turkey will always guess the allied moves correctly and move with that in mind.

- Spring 1901: Russia--F Sev-Bla, A Mos-Ukr, A War-Gal  
 Austria--F Tri-Alb, A Bud-Ser, A Vie-Bud  
 Turkey--F Ank-Bla, A Con-Ion, A Con-Bul  
 Fall 1901: Russia--F Sev-Bla, A Ukr-Ser, A Gal-Rou  
 Austria--F Alb-Cro, A Ser S F Alb-Cro, A Bud S RA Gal-Rou  
 Turkey--F Ank-Bla, A Ion-Hus, A Con-Bul  
 Winter 1901: Russia--Build F Mos  
 Austria--Build F Tri and A Vie  
 Turkey--Build F Sky

The 1901 Russian and Austrian moves are probably the best possible against Turkey even in a real game, assuming, of course, the non-interference of Germany and Italy. The objective is clear: prevent Turkey from taking the Black Sea without risking the loss of Sevastopol or a bounce in either Romania or Greece. To do this, it is necessary to utilize every available allied unit, as can be seen in the fall moves. RA Ukr acts as a hedge against a possible Turkish move to Armenia in the spring and a subsequent TF Arm-Con, TA Arm-Sev in the fall. Note how RA Mos-Ukr in the spring is superior to RA Mos-Sev since (1) RA Mos-Sev can easily be blocked along with RF Sev-Bla by TF Arm-Bla (holding two Russian units with a single Turkish unit), (2) RA Ukr is adjacent to the front and has the additional options of moving or supporting in Russia not available to RA Mos and (3) it assures that Moscow will be left open for a build in the winter. It might be mentioned here that the usually strong spring move TA Sky-Arm is worse than useless here since the best TA Arm could do in the fall is leave Sevastopol open for a build while TA Con might be useful for supporting purposes later on.

(Notations: A Bul H (R Con)--A Bul is dislodged and retreats to Con; Bul H--A Bul is annihilated or is dislodged and retreats off the board)

- Spring 1902: Russia--F Sev-Bla, A Ukr-Ser, A Bud S AA Ser-Bul  
 Austria--F Gre S A Ser-Bul, F Tri-Alb, A Ser-Bul, A Bud-Ser  
 Turkey--F Ank-Bla, F Sky-Ang, A Bul H (R Con), A Con-Cy  
 Fall 1902: Russia--F Sev-Bla, A Ukr-Ser, A Bud S AA Ser-Bul  
 Austria--F Gre S F Alb-Ion, F Alb-Ion, A Bul-Cro, A Ser-Bul  
 Turkey--F Ank-Bla, F Ang-Ion, A Con-Bul, A Sky-Cor  
 Winter 1902: Russia--No changes  
 Austria--Build F Tri  
 Turkey--Remove A Sky

Observe the Turkish maneuver in the spring. Since Turkey is certain to lose Bulgaria (and would almost certainly lose it in a similar situation in an actual game as well), a Con is moved to Sky to provide a space for the retreat of a Bul. Although in this particular case, it makes little difference in the end, in general, care should be taken to avoid annihilations when they serve no useful purposes unless thereby lost can not be replaced until they are rebuilt and moved back to the front, a lengthy process at best.

Meanwhile, one is for all practical purposes playing with one unit short, so at least one may possess the bare number of supply centers as before. This general tactical experience in delaying actions in which one tries to stall a superior force is

long as possible until either reinforcements are brought up or another power can be induced to stab your enemy in the rear while his units are engaged in the front against you. Note also how RA Hun and AA Ser are put to good use in the fall, preventing the judgment of AA Bul and still allowing AA Bul-Con. As a general rule, whenever one writes up a set of moves and finds units simply holding in place instead of moving, supporting or conveying, one should wonder if he is doing something wrong and try to find something to do with his units besides holding in place.

- Spring 1903: Russia---F Sev-Bla, A Run S AA Bul, A Ukr-Sav
- Austria---F Gre-Aeg, F Ion S F Gre-Aeg, A Bul H, A Ser-Gre
- Turkey---F Ank-Bul (R Svy), F Ank-Fla, A Con S F Aeg-Bul
- Fall 1903: Russia---F Sev-Bla, A Run H, A Ukr-Sav
- Austria---F Aeg S A Gre-Con, F Ion-Has, A Gre-Con, A Bul S A Gre-Con
- Turkey---F Svy S A Con, F Ank-Bla, A Con H
- Winter 1903: No change
- Spring 1904: Russia---F Sev-Bla, A Run H, A Ukr-Sav
- Austria---F Aeg S A Gre-Svy, F Aeg S A Gre-Svy, A Bul-Con, A Gre-Svy
- Turkey---F Ank-Fla, F Svy S A Con (R Svy), A Con S F Svy
- Fall 1904: Russia---F Sev-Bla, A Run H, A Ukr-Sav
- Austria---F Aeg S A Bul-Con, F Ion-Has, A Bul-Con, A Svy-Ank
- Turkey---F Ank-Bla, F Svy S A Con-Svy, A Svy-Svy
- Winter 1904: Russia---no change
- Austria---Bulid A Bud and F Tyr
- Turkey---Reverse F Svy (I annihilated Fall 1904)

At this point, of course, Austria-Hungary can take Ankara, completing the destruction of Turkey. 1907 and 1908 illustrate something about the use of convoys. They should be used to cut support when occupation of an important sea space could not be achieved by a similar move with the fleet and also when there is some special reason for wanting to move an army, as opposed to a fleet, to the front. In the latter case, every effort should be made to see that the conveyed attack succeeds the first time, or if that is not possible, to find something else that will work. In the above, the Austrian convey of Fall 1903 gives the best shot possible at Constantinople, without risking loss of the Aegean. In Spring 1904, the Austrian convey to Smyrna cannot be stopped and the placement of the army in Smyrna instead of Constantinople gives Austria the option of hitting Ankara later on without IF ank being able to return the compliment by hitting Smyrna.

An example of the poor use of convoys, which in my opinion had a lot to do with determining the eventual winner, comes from the Dardag Game. Red Walker's Italy spent 3 1/2 years trying to convey a single army into Smyrna while it could have been conveyed unopposed into Syria at any time after the first 1 1/2 years. In the meantime, Red Bismarck's France, with the assurance that three Italian units were tied up indefinitely in the Dardag Campaign, was able to quickly overrun England and move on to bigger and better things -- a southern offensive against a badly overextended Italy.

Another example, although perhaps not as decisive as the above, can be taken from the Aegean Aegean game. In Spring 1906 we find Doug Beyerlein's Italy playing psychological games to set up Presnita's Germany for the short (note the support given to the non-existent IF Ion and the "accidentally" murdered IF Ion) and also to prepare for a conventional trans-Balkan convey in the fall. This maneuver managed to tie up some Italian fleets and, as it turned out, prevented at least two of them from being sent to the front. A simple F Sev-Bla (no) coupled with F Nap-Svy-Bul and F Ion-Has could have been much more effective as far as the attack against France was concerned, as that was not an insupportable advantage of bringing two more units to the front. In fact, a less complicated convey maneuver would have been to build a Bay, the French fleet would be followed by F Ion S A Nap-Hun and F Sev S A Tur-Hun, F Ion-Hun (1906) in the fall.

1. The International Brotherhood of Shipyard Workers of America is not a labor union. It is a religious organization, and its members are not required to join it.

RELATIVE TACTICAL VALUES AND THE CALHAMER POINT COUNT RATING LIST  
by Eric Verheiden

In "Relative Tactical Values of the Diplomacy Countries," appearing in Hoosier Archives #112, a series of "relative opposition factors" (ROF's) was calculated, purporting to give some idea of the relative tactical difficulty in achieving a win for each of the Diplomacy countries. Also calculated were the "relative win factors" (RWF's) for the then-current Calhamer Point Count Rating List (CPCRL), obtained by dividing the base Russian win total by the various individual country win totals. Actually, the choice of the Russian win total as the base was arbitrary; any other base win total would preserve the relationships between the RWF's for the different countries just as well. Another tacit assumption was that the ROF's should be inverse to the country win totals of the CPCRL in the ideal case.

Actually, by considering the lines of best fit of the graphs of  $\ln$  RWF vs.  $\ln$  ROF for several previous CPCRL's, a somewhat different picture emerges. By adjusting the base win totals appropriately, the RWF's can be made to vary as the 1.42th powers of the ROF's in the best approximation. The adjusted RWF's from the last four CPCRL's appearing in the designated issues of Hoosier Archives and the predicted values the 1.42th powers of the ROF's, are compiled in the table appearing below:

	HA #76	HA #91	HA #104	HA #112	PREDICTED
AUSTRIA	1.74	1.62	1.66	1.71	1.74
ENGLAND	1.44	1.46	1.55	1.66	1.66
FRANCE	1.82	1.76	1.86	1.77	2.25
GERMANY	2.99	2.93	2.58	2.48	2.20
ITALY	2.61	2.74	2.91	2.92	2.75
RUSSIA	1.13	1.13	1.11	1.04	1.00
TURKEY	1.34	1.38	1.40	1.46	1.71

It can be seen that the agreement between actual and predicted values is quite good except for Italy, France, and, to a lesser extent, Turkey, the countries most affected by the unnatural Italian weakness at sea in the opening, due mainly to the absence of a second Italian fleet. Even this may improve with time and the increasing prevalence of Italian openings employing drastic measures in an attempt to achieve Italian equality, such as the Lepanto and the even wilder Key variant. Developments of this sort for anti-French (and anti-English!?) openings would probably enable Italy to realize its full tactical potential.

Bearing in mind that the numbers indicate the relative difficulties in achieving a win, a preference list based on tactical strength would run something like: Russia/England, Turkey/Austria/France, Germany/Italy, where the order of countries inside the slashes is as yet uncertain. This ordering holds for wins only; the ordering for the various draws or shared wins would have to be treated separately.

CRI PRESENTS

The following potential players have written during the last couple of months in response to the new CRI flyer and asked that their names be passed on to Camerasters with open openings. The numbers indicate the order in which I received each response.

101. Jeff Bourget, Route J, Verheiden Drive, Meridian, Idaho 83642
102. M. E. Stewart, 2031 Ardleigh Rd., Oakville, Ontario, Canada
103. Robert Reed, 15 Fontana Lane, Grosse Pointe Shores, Mich 48234
104. David Darden, MACV COMM BTR, Bn 662 COMVETS, APO San Francisco, Calif. 96353
105. Jim Lawson, 3508 Denton Drive, Calgary, Alberta, Canada T2L 1L8
106. Jack R. Brooks, 51 Wooster St., New York City, New York 10013
107. David Skaja, 2835 Lake Ave., Wilmette, Ill. 60091
108. Peter Fox, 2910 S. 16th Ave., Broadview, Ill. 60153
109. Stephen Stanton, 40 West Union St., Canton, Pa. 17724
110. Mike Litter, 38 West J. Street, Crawley, Calif. 92317
111. Richard K. Gomer, 2812 Castle Hill St., Austin, Tex. 78703
112. Donald Long, 12801 Jones Drive, Dallas, Tex. 75244

THE CALDWELL POINT COUNT NATINGS LIST BY COUNTRY  
Australia (32, 181)

3,000	Bobo Berenlein Bill Blizman	1,000	Les Lakoska Dave Lebling John McCallum Hal Nauw Sam Nierenberg Mike Rogerson Luddy Tretick Charles Turner Arnold Vagin Monte Welansky	.333	James Day Lester Paley-Grier Charles Walsh Paul Wood
2,000	Andy Phillips Peter Remondini John Sappala Houston Van Fleet			.250	Donna Nixon
1,000	Steve Decker Rick Brooks Lee Childs John Keating			.200	Hugh Anderson John Decker Clay Matthews
		500	Bob Walker	.167	Larry H. Day

England (37, 150)

3,000	Gene Prosnitz	1,000	Tom Eller Alfred Huff Dave Johnston Richard Miller Sybil Nelson Arnold Jack Larry Leary Lauri Power John Taylor Charles Wells Jeff Wolfe Monte Welansky	.500	Harry Hyman Peter Marshall
2,000	Mike Melnick Don Laska Houston Van Fleet			.450	Bill Hinton
1,500	John Keating			.400	Charles Turner
1,333	John McCallum Bob Walker			.333	Robert Helgerson Hal Nauw John Remondini Joseph Matthews
1,111	Gene Berenlein			.750	Robert Helgerson Charles Walsh
1,000	Hugh Anderson John Decker Luddy Tretick Lee Childs John Keating	.500	Andy Phillips	.200	Gene Phillips Larry Hyman
		.500	Monte Davis		

Germany (15, 68)

2,000	Gene Prosnitz	1,000	Dave Lebling Lauri Power Hal Pondromann Larry Remondini John Rogerson George Schele Luddy Tretick Houston Van Fleet Monte Welansky	.500	James Hoffman
1,500	Bill Blizman			.450	Dave Johnston
1,333	John McCallum			.333	Michael J. Hall Robert Helgerson Mark Tompkins
1,000	Gene Berenlein John Decker John Keating Mike Melnick John Keating	.500	Frank Clark Michael Power	.250	John Day John Decker John Keating

Italy (12, 40)

2,000	Gene Prosnitz	1,000	Jeff Power Bob Decker John Remondini Larry Leary Arnold Jack Hal Nauw	.333	Charles Turner
1,000	John Decker John Keating John Keating John Keating John Keating John Keating John Keating John Keating			.250	John Decker John Decker John Decker
		.500	Andy Phillips	.100	John Decker John Decker John Decker
		.500	John Decker		
		.500	John Decker		



# Diplomacy

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— Boundaries of provinces and bodies of water  
 — National and Imperial boundaries  
 ● Provinces containing the symbol are supply centers.  
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Fathoms		Meters	
1400	2580	1000	1828
1200	2230	800	1463
1000	1850	600	1103
800	1480	400	743
600	1100	200	372
400	743	100	186
200	372	50	93
100	186	25	47
50	93	10	19
25	47	5	9
10	19	2	4
5	9	1	2
2	4	0.5	1
1	2	0.2	0.5



DOES THIS APPLY TO YOU?

1. Please accept this sample copy in lieu of a personal answer to your inquiry about postal Diplomacy. Time pressure forces us to do this, but we think you'll find Hoosier Archives is a good introduction to the hobby.
2. We hope you enjoy this sample copy. We solicit your subscription.
3. We understand you have started a Diplomacy zine. We solicit a trade with you so we can keep the archives complete, thus providing a vital service for the Diplomacy community. In fact, two copies of each of your issues would be appreciated so as to have a spare for the archives.
4. Welcome aboard. We are happy to have your subscription which is good through issue # \_\_\_\_\_.
5. This is your last/next-to-last issue. We hope you will renew your subscription.

THE MCCALLUM SYSTEM OF NOTATION

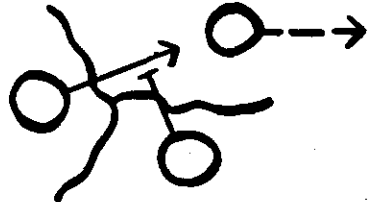
For ease in following the current demonstration game, a Diplomacy map is reproduced on the reverse side by permission of John Moot, the President of GRI. Incidentally, DIPLOMACY is a registered trademark for a game invented by Allan B. Calhamer and copyrighted by Games Research Inc., 500 Harrison Avenue, Boston, Mass. 02118. GRI sells the game for \$8.95 and the 1971 Rulebook for \$1.

To best follow the game and hopefully learn something from it, since it is being played and analyzed by experts, I would like to suggest to you the use of a recording system that was first proposed to me by John McCallum.

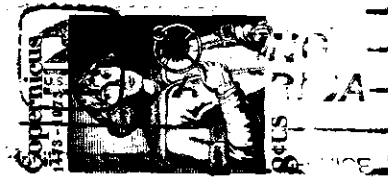
First of all, you will need seven crayons in the following colors: red (Austria), purple (England), blue (France), black (Germany), green (Italy), brown (Russia), and yellow (Turkey).

Now to use the McCallum system, you take this map, which is provided with each of the spring and fall seasons, and record the armies with a circle of the appropriate color and the fleets with a line. For the winter season, simply take the fall map and make square brackets around a unit built and round brackets around a unit removed.

Also, a good way to go from one season to another is to indicate an attack with an arrow and a support with a line and bar as illustrated. Additionally, an unsuccessful order or retreat can be indicated by a dotted line.



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